



ANNUAL AUDITED

FORM X-17

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OMB APPROVAL

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuanono Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING $01/01/03$ AND ENDING $12/31/03$				
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY	
A	. REGISTRANT IDE	NTIFICATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
Bowery Capital LLC				
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)			FIRM ID. NO.	
111 Broadway, 21st Floor				
	(No. and Street)			
New York	NY	10006		
(Chy)	(State)	(Zip Code)		
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF	PERSON TO CONTACT IN	REGARD TO THIS REPO	ORT	
			2282	
	(Arca Code- To	elephone Number)		
n		TO YOUR ON THE OWN		
B INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT	. ACCOUNTANT IDEN		•	
	whose spinion is contained i	in this Report		
Goldstein Golub Kessler LLP				
	(Name - if individual, state last, fir	,		
1185 Avenue of the Americas	New York	NY	10036	
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)	
CHECK ONE:			PROCESSED	
Certified Public Accountant			MAR 29 2004	
Public Accountant Accountant not resident in United S	States or any of its mossession	ne.	MAK 29 ZUUT	
	orates of any of its possession	13.	THOMSON	

^{*} Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).



Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number



OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Rob Granieri	i swear (or affirm) that, to the
best of my kn Bowery Capital	owledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of LLC, as of
December 31	, 20 03 , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, pro-
prietor, principa	Il officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified soley as that of a customer, except as follows:
	Me rong Dre Sa Signature
	Manay Dre Su
Notary Public	Kronemer Barry Jacob Notary Public, State of NY No. 02KR6089598 Qualified in New York County Commission Exp. 03-24-2007
	ntains (check all applicable boxes): cing Page.
	atement of Financial Condition.
— ''	atement of Income (Loss).
-	atement of Changes in Financial Condition.
	atement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
_	atement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
(g) Co	mputation of Net Capital.
(h) Co	mputation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Inf	formation Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
	Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the imputation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of con- lidation.
V (I) An	. Oath or Affirmation.
(m) A	copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
[] (n) A i	report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

^{**} For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e) (3).



BOWERY CAPITAL, LLC STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2003

GOLDSTEIN GOLUB KESSLER LLP

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants





GOLDSTEIN GOLUB KESSLER LLP

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Member of Bowery Capital, LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Bowery Capital, LLC (a wholly owned subsidiary of Henry Capital, LLC) as of December 31, 2003. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit of the statement of financial condition provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Bowery Capital, LLC as of December 31, 2003, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

GOLDSTEIN GOLUB KESSLER LLP

Toldstein Golub Kessler LXP

February 25, 2004

BOWERY CAPITAL, LLC

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

December 31, 2003	
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 41,818
Due from Brokers	29,471,965
Securities and Options Owned, at market value	7,062,368
Other Assets	32,540
Total Assets	\$36,608,691
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY	
Liabilities:	
Securities and options sold, not yet purchased, at market value	\$34,387,665
Due to Member	630,408
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	112,938
Total liabilities	35,131,011
Member's Equity	1,477,680
Total Liabilities and Member's Equity	\$36,608,691

BOWERY CAPITAL, LLC

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION December 31, 2003

1. ORGANIZATION:

Bowery Capital, LLC (the "Company"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Henry Capital, LLC (the "Parent"), is a registered broker and dealer in securities under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and trades for its own account as a dealer on the American Stock Exchange.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The Company records transactions in securities and the related revenue and expenses on a trade-date basis.

Securities and options owned and securities and options sold, not yet purchased, by the Company are valued at their prevailing market prices. All resulting unrealized gains and losses are reflected in Member's equity.

This financial statement has been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America which require the use of estimates by management.

In the course of its normal trading activities, the Company is a party to financial instruments that involve, to indeterminable degrees, market risk in excess of that presented in the statement of financial condition. These instruments include puts and calls written (sold) and obligations arising from securities and options sold, not yet purchased (see Note 6).

3. DUE FROM BROKERS:

The clearing and depository operations for the Company's securities transactions are provided primarily by one broker. At December 31, 2003, substantially all of the securities owned and the amount due from brokers reflected in the statement of financial condition are positions carried by and amounts due from this broker. Additionally, investments in securities and options owned and securities and options sold, not yet purchased, are subject to margin requirements.

4. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

Henry Capital, LLC provides administrative services, office space and pays certain operating expenses on behalf of the Company. At December 31, 2003, the amount due to Parent was primarily as a result of salaries and bonuses.

5. REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS:

As a registered broker-dealer and member of the American Stock Exchange, the Company is subject to Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company computes its net capital under the basic method permitted by the rule, which requires that the minimum net capital be equal to the greater of \$100,000, or 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness, as defined. At December 31, 2002, the Company had net capital of \$881,816, which exceeded the requirement of \$100,000 by \$781,816.

BOWERY CAPITAL, LLC

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION December 31, 2003

6. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS: The Company's activities include the purchase and sale of derivative financial instruments in the form of equity options and futures contracts. These securities are used for trading purposes and for managing risks associated with the portfolio of securities. Management believes that any risk is significantly minimized through its hedging strategies. All positions are reported in the accompanying statement of financial condition at market value and any change in market value is reflected in Member's equity.



BOWERY CAPITAL, LLC (a limited liability company)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

DECEMBER 31, 2003

GOLDSTEIN GOLUB KESSLER LLP

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants





GOLDSTEIN GOLUB KESSLER LLP

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

To the Member of Bowery Capital, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and the supplemental schedule of Bowery Capital, LLC (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2003, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the reserve required by rule 15c3-3(e). Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.



Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2003 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report recognizes that it is not practicable in an organization the size of Bowery Capital, LLC to achieve all the divisions of duties and cross-checks generally included in a system of internal control and that, alternatively, greater reliance must be placed on surveillance by management.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Member, management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the American Stock Exchange, Inc. and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

GOLDSTEIN GOLUB KESSLER LLP

Goldstein Golub Kessler LLP

February 25, 2004